At Putin's side, an army of Jewish billionaires

"We have to keep our Jewishness and be united in the Diaspora," says Russian Jewish Congress VP.

By Gil Stern Stern SHEFLER JUNE 26, 2012 03:30



Russian President Putin attends ceremony 370 (photo credit: POOL New / Reuters)

When the air-conditioning broke down at the reception for the <u>unveiling ceremony of the Red</u> <u>Army monument</u> in Netanya on Monday, it didn't matter if you were a billionaire, multimillionaire or broke.Everyone suffered the same.

In one corner sat Mikhail Fridman, the seventh-richest man in Russia, whose fortune is estimated at \$15 billion by *Forbes*. He stayed hydrated in the sweltering heat by sipping a glass of water. In another stood Moshe Kantor, the chemicals tycoon who *Forbes* said was worth \$2.3b. He repeatedly removed the beads of sweat from his head with a napkin. The two men were part of a group of two dozen or so affluent Russian-speaking businessmen who came to the ceremony where President Vladimir Putin was the guest of honor. Some,

like Fridman, flew in especially from Russia. Others, like Kantor, drove from nearby Herzliya, where many businessman from the former Soviet Union including Leonid Nevzlin and Gabriel Mirilashvili, to name a few, have made their homes. For many members of this class of ultra rich Putin's arrival in the country was an opportunity for them to brush shoulders with one another and to mingle with friends and officials from the motherland. The richest man in the room filled with rich men was probably the media-shy Fridman, who declined to speak to The Jerusalem Post." I am a private person," he said, displaying seemingly good English.Other faces were more familiar to locals. Lev Leviev, the diamonds and real estate mogul who is a bit of anomaly in this world, was on hand. Although born in Uzbekistan, then part of the Soviet Union, he immigrated to Israel as a teenager in the 1970s and made his money in the Jewish state. Only after the markets in the former Soviet Union opened did the Israeli, whose worth was estimated at about \$1.7b. earlier this year, invest extensively in natural resources and property in that part of the world.Not everybody in the room was a billionaire. Some were worth a mere couple of hundred of million dollars. Alexander Levin, a Ukrainian businessman who was among those who donated to build the monument, is one of latter. The real estate developer, who last year set up the World Forum for Russian Jewry, an advocacy group based in New York, explained why he it was an important cause."My two grandparents were killed during World War II so it's very important to us," he said. "We are paying just a little [in comparison to what they paid]."How much is a little? Levin said the exact sum "was not important" but that it was "a lot of money." Members of United Israel Appeal-Keren Hayesod, which raised the money to build the marble and concrete monument overlooking the azure Mediterranean Sea, were also tight-lipped."We organized a group of 10 to 15 top businessmen who raised the money that helped transform this dream to reality," said Gadi Dror, the UIA's director of the eastern region. "We do not go [into the] figures because they [the donors] prefer not to but it is meaningful amount."A source later said each businessman had donated at least \$100,000.Watching the group of mega-wealthy interact, one cannot help but wonder how so many affluent businessmen in the former Soviet Union are Jewish.German Zakharyaev, vice president of the Russian Jewish Congress, cited two main reasons for that. First, Jews are few among many."We are a minority and as such we have to be strong [if we are] to preserve our customs," said the businessman who, as a member of the Mountain Jewish community of the eastern Caucuses, is a minority within a minority."This is something in our commandments that we have to keep our Jewishness and be united in the Diaspora." Second, he said, Jewish businessmen are hard workers. "We think a lot and we sleep a little," he said.

https://www.jpost.com/Jewish-World/Jewish-Features/At-Putins-side-an-army-of-Jewish-billio naires

Putin's Chief Rabbi of Russia Berel Lazar friend of Nathaniel Rothschild.

"My call to fame is actually being Mr. Rothschild's friend and it is a pleasure to honour Mr. Rothschild and David Slager for what they have done here in Oxford for the Oxford University Chabad Society." -*Chief Rabbi Lazar*

Know Your Oligarch: A Guide to the Jewish Billionaires in the Trump-Russia Probe

Of 10 billionaires with Kremlin ties who funneled political contributions to Donald Trump and a number of top Republican leaders, at least five are Jewish



Yuri Milner, co-founder of Mail.ru Group Ltd., speaks during the TechCrunch Disrupt 2017 in San Francisco, California, U.S., on Monday, Sept. 18, 2017

The special prosecutor's probe into Russian meddling in the 2016 election offers an unsettling journey for anyone steeped in Russian Jewry, and the transition from the repression of the former Soviet Union to the relative freedoms of the <u>Russian</u> Federation.

Of 10 billionaires with Kremlin ties who funneled political contributions to U.S. President <u>Donald Trump</u> and a <u>number of top Republican leaders</u>, at least five are Jewish. (The Dallas Morning News has a handy set of interactive charts.)

There's Len Blavatnik, the dual British-American citizen who dumped <u>huge amounts of cash</u> on <u>Republican</u> candidates in the last election cycle, much of it funneled through his myriad investment firms. (The same Len Blavatnik funds scholarships for IDF veterans and who is friends with Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu.) Alexander Shustorovich is the president of IMG Artists, a titan among impresarios, who gave Trumps' inauguration committee a cool \$1 million. He arrived in 1977 with his penniless family in New York at age 11, fleeing Soviet persecution of Jews.

The list goes on — we explore some of the names below. But first: What was going on in the Soviet Union as it headed towards collapse in the late 1980s that led to the proliferation of Jewish names among its oligarch class?

"Not all oligarchs are Jewish, of course, not the majority, but there is a significant number," said Mark Levin, the CEO of the National Coalition Supporting Eurasian Jewry, who joined its predecessor, the National Council on Soviet Jewry, in 1980 as a staffer. "They were in the right place at the right time."

Here are some of the factors that put them in the "right place at the right time."

You can go home again

Many Soviet Jews left the country because bigotry and punitive Soviet policies kept them, among other indignities, from getting jobs in their preferred professions. But with the collapse of the USSR, and with opportunities opening up at home, a number of these younger emigrants drew on the entrepreneurial strain, training and connections they found in their new countries, be it the United States, Britain and Israel.

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In the late 1980s, when they heard that the policy of glasnost was loosening up markets, a number of them traveled back to their homeland seeking opportunity, armed with savvy and with moneyed connections in their new countries. They were in place after 1991 when Russia and its former republics rapidly privatized everything from mines to media.

"I know people who left the Soviet Union, it imploded, they went back, they had friends and acquaintances who were telling them there were great opportunities," Levin said. "There were business people who were partnering with people in Russia and other countries because they had the connections to complete business deals."

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The Jews who stayed behind kept in touch with friends and family who were succeeding overseas and were able to tap them for investment opportunities.

"Jews in the ex-USSR had a ready-made network of trusted contacts in the U.S. and Israel who they could go into business with," said Oliver Bullough, a British author and journalist

whose expertise is Russian history and politics. "It was harder for Russians who had no contacts abroad to achieve this. This also, in my opinion, explains why ex-KGB people did well since they had a network of former spies in other countries."

Glasnost opened doors

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Glasnost, or openness, instituted by Mikhail Gorbachev, the last Soviet leader, included opening up plum government jobs to minorities that had previously been marginalized. That accelerated Jewish entry into higher ranks of the bureaucracy just when it was opportune to be in a position to know what sector was about to be privatized, and which government-owned business was about to be broken up.

It helped that unlike communist regimes in eastern Europe, Levin said, in Russia and the former Soviet republics, the elites remained in place — only the ideology of communism was jettisoned.

"Russia and most successor states of the Soviet Union went through a much different transformation than the former communist Europe nations," he said. "Most of the governing elite didn't change."

Moreover, the very professions to which Jews were restricted under the old Soviet system were the ones that proved useful in the new economy. Jews, Levin said, were likelier to be entrepreneurs.

"There were Jews who were helping to make the transition from a command economy to a market economy," he said.

Author Michael Wolff, profiling tech entrepreneur Yuri Milner in 20111, wrote, "The Jews in Soviet Russia, often kept from taking official career paths, came to thrive in the gray and black markets. Hence, they were among the only capitalists in Russia when capitalism emerged."

Bullough said the scientific disciplines that accepted Jews under the old system were suddenly in demand under the new.

"Jews were often excluded from the kind of universities that produced diplomats, and therefore pushed more towards pure sciences, which meant there was a disproportionate number of Jewish mathematicians who were able to engage with the new banking industry," he said.

But who really knows.

Most of all, said Levin, it was chaos. Massive sectors of the economy were up for grabs. At times, there seemed to be no controlling authority. When the dust settled, Russia had entered the age of the oligarchs. "In the beginning, it was like Chicago in the 1920s," he said.

Connie Bruck, profiling Blavatnik in The New Yorker in 2014, quoted a new Russian phrase: "Never ask about the first million."

Here are some of the businessmen with Soviet Jewish roots who have been named in stories about the Trump-Russia investigation.



Access Industries chairman Leonard Blavatnik.Credit: Bloomberg

Leonard Blavatnik, 60

Oligarch factor: U.S.-British citizen. Forbes lists him as the 48th richest man in the world. Access Industries, which he founded in 1986 while he was at Harvard Business school, exploded in its earlier years through investments in uranium and oil in the collapsing Soviet Union. It has since expanded into massive media holdings.

Trump factor: Gave more than \$6 million in the 2016 election cycle, virtually all to Republicans, after a pattern of relatively modest donations to both political parties. Longstanding business ties to Viktor Vekselberg, the oligarch allegedly linked to secret payments to Trump lawyer Michael Cohen. Blavatnik donated \$12,700 last year to a Republican party legal fund that has helped to pay Trump's lawyers in the Russia inquiry.

Jewish ties: He has served on the board of Tel Aviv University, the Center for Jewish History and the 92nd Street Y. His family foundation funds a Colel Chabad-run food bank and warehouse in Kiryat Malachi in Israel, which sends monthly shipments of food to 5,000 poor families in 25 Israeli cities. He is friends with Netanyahu, and has been questioned by police in connection with the investigation into gifts the prime minister allegedly has received from wealthy benefactors. He funds scholarships for Israeli army soldiers.

In 2017, Israeli <u>police investigated</u> whether Prime Minister Netanyahu was involved behind the scenes in the sale of Channel 10 to Leonard Blavatnik (a partner in RGE Communications, which owns 51 percent of Channel 10).

Andrew Intrater, 55

Oligarch factor: A cousin to Vekselberg, who has a Jewish father but does not identify as Jewish. Intrater, a U.S. citizen, is the CEO of Columbus Nova, the investment company with close ties to Vekselberg's Renova. An SEC filing from 2007 lists Intrater as the chairman of the board of CableCom, a Moscow-area cable TV provider.

Trump factor: Columbus Nova funneled payments from Renova to Michael Cohen, Trump's lawyer. Intrater also donated \$250,000 to Trump's inaugural committee.

Jewish ties: Intrater, the child of a Holocaust survivor, has given more than \$500,000 to the University of Southern California's Shoah Foundation and has donated to the Auschwitz-Birkenau Foundation Committee. Intrater's brother, Frederick, the design manager for Columbus Nova, bought up a batch of domain names with associations with the "alt-right" in the summer of 2016, when support for then-candidate Trump on the far right was rising and Get Out the Vote drives were intensifying. Frederick Intrater said he made the purchases without Andrew's knowledge, and later regretted it, allowing the URL names to wither. "To conclude that I support white supremacy or anti-Semitism is unreasonable given what I've described above and also taking into consideration that I am a Jew and son of a Holocaust survivor," Frederick Intrater said.

Alexander Shustorovich, 52

Oligarch factor: Shustorovich, a U.S. citizen, traveled to Moscow in 1989, a year after graduating from Harvard, and immediately became a player in media there, starting scientific publications. He unsuccessfully sought to get his company, Pleiades Group, into the \$12 billion deal that sold Soviet nuclear fuel to the United States. He is now CEO of IMG Artists, a company that manages talent in classical music and dance.

Trump factor: Shustorovich gave \$1 million to Trump's inaugural committee. Notably, his attempt to give the George W. Bush campaign \$250,000 in 2000 was rejected in part because of his ties at the time to Russia's government.

Jewish ties: Shustorovich arrived in New York at 11 in 1977 with his family, who did not have enough money to buy food. His father, Evgeny, pushed out of work in Russia as a chemist because of his hopes of emigrating, joined Kodak in Rochester, N.Y. and soon rose to prominence in his field. For a period in 1986-1987, Evgeny Shustorovich was one of the faces of the Soviet Jewry movement as he became an ardent advocate for the right of his brother — also named Alexander — to emigrate from the former Soviet Union.

Simon Kukes, 72

Oligarch factor: Kukes, a U.S. citizen, left the Soviet Union in 1977, settling in the Houston area. A chemist, he was for a period an academic, and then worked in the Texas oil industry. He returned to Russia and became an executive in the post-Soviet oil industry there. In 2003, he became head of the Yukos oil company after another Jewish oligarch, Mikhail Khodorkovsky, was jailed by Russian leader Vladimir Putin for tax evasion and theft — but mostly, most observers think, for funding opposition parties.

The Guardian in 2003 uncovered CIA documents linking Kukes to bribery, charges which he has denied. Prior to his year-long gig helming Yukos, Kukes was from 1998-2003 the president of TNK, another oil company, whose principal stakeholders were Blavatnik and Vekselberg. In 2012 when he headed the Russian arm of Hess, Forbes reported that Kukes' former chauffeur, who had risen through the company ranks, was a Russian mafia boss. The man denied the charges, but Kukes pushed him out of the company. Last year, Kukes was a U.S.-based CEO of Nafta, a consulting firm for investors in Russia's energy sector. Nafta's website has since been scrubbed.

Trump factor: With no major history of GOP giving, Kukes suddenly funneled \$285,000 into the Trump reelection effort — much of it after June 2016, when Russian interest in the possibility of a Trump presidency intensified.

Jewish ties: Kukes does not have apparent formal ties with the organized Jewish community, although he tells interviewers he left the former Soviet Union because he was Jewish. In 2015, he bought a 12.5 percent share in Leverate, an Israeli-founded company that develops brokerage software.

Yuri Milner, 56

Oligarch factor: Milner never fled the Soviet Union — his parents still live in Moscow. He was the first non-emigre from the Soviet Union to attend Wharton business school, and was for years involved in Russian banking before entering tech. He is well known as a Silicon Valley investor, owning one of the most luxurious houses in ritzy Los Altos Hills, valued in 2011 at \$100 million. Last year, it was revealed through leaked documents that Russia's government funded substantive stakes in Twitter and Facebook that were for a time held by his company, DST Global. In 2013, Milner joined Facebook's Mark Zuckerberg, Google's Sergey Brin and 23andme's Anne Wojcicki in establishing the multi-million dollar Breakthrough prize for scientists.

Trump factor: After last year's revelations, Milner scoffed at the notion that Russia was plowing money into social media efforts to influence elections, noting that he never sought a seat on the board of the companies he invested in. Milner in 2015 invested \$850,000 in Cadre, a real estate startup launched by Jared Kushner, Trump's son-in-law, and Kushner's brother Josh. Milner has said that he met Jared Kushner only once. Kushner's stake in Cadre was one of many that he initially failed to disclose when he became an adviser to his father-in-law.

Jewish ties: Milner attends a synagogue when he is in Moscow. Somewhere along the line, he appears to have acquired Israeli citizenship. Speaking with Forbes in 2017 after the magazine named him one of the 100 "greatest living business minds," Milner said he was "humbled and honored" to be "the only Russian or Israeli citizen on the list."

https://www.haaretz.com/us-news/know-your-oligarch-a-guide-to-the-jewish-machers-in-the-russia-probe-1.6113189

The KGB's Middle East Files: 'Illegals' in Israel

In 1992, Vasili Mitrokhin, a KGB archivist, defected to the West with a trove of top secret documents from the Soviet intelligence agency, which helped expose many Russian agents and assets in Israel and elsewhere. This series of articles explores these documents and brings to light the secrets they revealed. Part 2 of 5.

In October 1970, the office of Yuri Andropov—the head of the KGB at the time and later the general secretary of the Communist Party—issued an operational order at the agency's highest classification level. The order specified the first stage of what was codenamed "Operation TN": "Directorate S," it stated, "is required to start launching 'illegals' on short trips to Israel."

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In Soviet intelligence lingo, "illegals" are the organization's elite, like the "fighters" of the Mossad's Caesarea division. The "illegals" underwent exhaustive training, which included learning foreign languages, guerrilla warfare, undercover activity and additional intelligence training. At the end of their training, they underwent a special ceremony, which was performed for each agent separately for compartmentalization purposes. The highlight of the ceremony was a melodramatic oath, in which the trainee declared, "As a worthy son of the homeland, I would rather perish than betray the secrets entrusted to me... With every heartbeat, with every day that passes, I swear to serve the Party, the Homeland and the Soviet people."



Vasili Mitrokhin after defecting to the West

Directorate S operated the "illegals" and was considered the most secret and important directorates in the organization. The Operation TN order continued: The "illegals" "will work in Israel and develop a network of contacts and an infrastructure for operations in a bid to establish an 'illegal base' in Israel and to send 'illegals' to Israel for a long stay."

Operation TN was the result of the Russians' ongoing frustration. For years, the KGB saw Israel as a prime target for collecting intelligence and deployed a network of agents to the country, which was operated from the Soviet Embassy and consulates across the country. Many of the Soviet "diplomats" in Israel were intelligence officials who recruited and operated a large number of spies.

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But this intelligence heaven ended on June 12, 1967. After the Six-Day War, all members of the Warsaw Pact (apart from Romania) severed their ties with Israel.

Gen. Oleg Kalugin, formerly one of the heads of the KGB's First Chief Directorate—the organizational division responsible for collecting intelligence and special operations outside the Soviet Union—described the situation to me as follows: "We were suddenly blind to what was taking place in Israel, and that greatly hindered our ability to operate in the Middle East."



Former KGB General Oleg Kalugin (Photo: Reuters)

Soviet intelligence tried to operate through the Russian Church in Jerusalem, but this route was too slow for Andropov. While one of the most important agents, Dr. Marcus Klingberg of the Israel Institute for Biological Research in Ness Ziona, occasionally traveled to conferences abroad where he continued reporting to the Soviets, contact with most of the other agents faded away.

And that is why Andropov decided to launch the intelligence offensive created by Operation TN. He allotted five "illegals"—four men and one woman—to the project. This is an unusual number in the world of intelligence: Building a cover story for each agent is a complicated logistic and intelligence operation, which requires great means. When an operation includes five agents at once, it can mean only one thing: It's very, very important to the boss. Or to the boss's boss.



Former KGB head Yuri Andropov.

The operation file describes the selected "illegals": Codenames "Karsky," "Patriya," "Run" and "Yoris," who posed, respectively, as citizens of Canada, Spain, Mexico and Finland. They were all senior KGB officers, and they each had a long and detailed cover story tailor-made for them to explain their stay in Israel. In 1971, the four toured the country to

further establish their cover story. This entire activity took place under the nose of the Shin Bet, which was unaware (possibly until now) of the espionage operation.

The person in charge of the four fighters, as chief commander of Operation TN, was an outstanding senior agent who had already been sent on several secret missions. His codename was "Kravchenko," and his real name was Lt. Yuri Fyodorovich Linov. He was 34 years old at the time and spoke eight languages. He was supposed to serve the KGB in its infiltration of America but—to his resentment—was shifted to Israel. Linov received the cover story of an Austrian insurance agent living in Ireland, named Karl-Bernd Motl.

Linov and the four agents under his command were meant to pursue contact with the network of KGB assets that had already been recruited.



The Soviet embassy in Ramat Gan (Photo: David Rubinger)

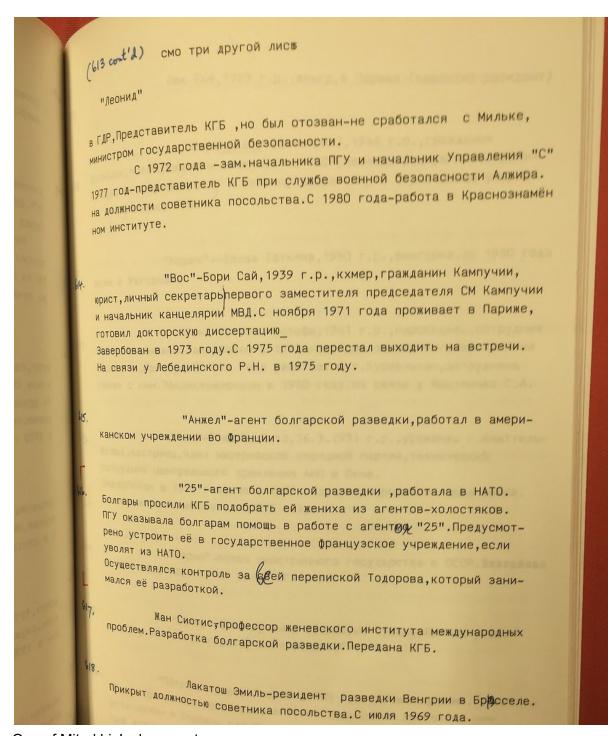
The list, as revealed in the Mitrokhin documents, is still astonishing. It includes two Knesset members, one of them a member of the Foreign Affairs and Defense Committee; a veteran IDF general who served as a member of the General Staff not too long ago; two foreign ambassadors; a senior employee at the German Embassy in Israel; one of the founders of Israel's water system, who played an important role in the establishment of the National Water Carrier (an issue the KGB saw as strategically important); a prominent intellectual; several media personalities; and two agents from within the intelligence community, one of them under code name "Malinka," likely a senior official in the Shin Bet's Counterintelligence Division. And this is just a partial list.

Commander Linov arrived in Israel twice to explore the country. On the second time, in June 1971, he even attended a Hebrew-language school in Jerusalem and graduated as the class's top student.

He used his visits to tour places near strategic sites, including the reactor in Dimona, military bases and the National Water Carrier facilities. The information he collected was broadcast to his operators through a radio receiver hidden in the room he rented at Tel Aviv's Grand Beach Hotel.

The third time Linov landed in Israel, in February 1973, he began his main mission: Renewing contact with the network of agents.

But Linov did not get much done. The first agent he met, codenamed "Leon," who was actually one of the least important ones on the list, told a friend about his encounter. He did not know that his friend knew someone from the Shin Bet, and "Leon" was taken in for questioning. The Shin Bet suggested that he cooperate in exchange for a lenient prosecution, and "Leon" gave in and agreed. His next meeting with Linov was secretly monitored by members of the Shin Bet's operations unit "Birds" (tziporim in Hebrew).



One of Mitrokhin's documents

"The plan," recounts a Shin Bet official who was involved in the operation, "was to continue following Linov for a long time, and thereby to collect the information about his activity and the network he was supposed to operate."

But then, for reasons which veteran Shin Bet officials disagree with to this very day, the order was given to arrest Linov—immediately. Before the Shin Bet operatives were able to break into his hotel room, Linov managed to destroy his files, throwing them into the toilet.

"Our big hope, to expose the network of agents, went down the drain because of that bizarre order," says the Shin Bet official.

Linov admitted in his interrogation that he was indeed a KGB "illegal," spoke about his career in the organization and even revealed some of his activity in Israel. He was sentenced to 18 years in prison but was released the following year as part of a prisoner-exchange deal.

Although the Shin Bet took a lot of pride in capturing Linov, the most senior KGB operative to ever be caught in Israel, the early arrest caused a lot of damage.

When Linov returned to the Soviet Union, he was treated in a tough and humiliating manner because he had been caught and was suspected of disclosing many of the secrets he knew. But he did not, in fact, turn in the other four "illegals" to the Shin Bet and maintained secrecy regarding almost all of the remaining assets at their disposal. "Malinka," for example, the spy who was planted deep inside the Shin Bet's Counterintelligence Division, was free to continue his activity undisturbed.

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Russia's Chief Rabbi Reportedly Paid Secret Visit to Iran on Trip Organized by Putin

Iran reportedly opposed Russian Chief Rabbi Berel Lazar's inclusion in the diplomatic mission. Lazar, who heads Chabad in Russia, is considered close to Putin

https://www.haaretz.com/amp/middle-east-news/iran/russia-s-chief-rabbi-secretly-visited-iran _on-trip-organized-by-puti-1.6435940?__twitter_impression=true

JEWS CREATED COMMUNISM

Today there is a lot of talk about fighting Communism. The only problem is that the American people are not aware of who are the true founders and promoters of Communism. If you had to find a Communist, where would you look? Would you recognize a Communist if you saw one? What do they look like? This article will give you a new understanding and knowledge about Communism.

The first place we need to go for Truth is the source of all truth JESUS CHRIST. In Matthew 23:35 He reveals that there is a group that is guilty of "all the righteous blood shed upon the earth." This is also reaffirmed in Revelation 18:24. "And in her was found the blood of prophets, and of saints, and of all that were slain upon the earth." Since the Communists have shed the blood of TENS of MILLIONS, they must be part of this same Satanic group spoken of by Jesus Christ. In John 8:44 Jesus identifies this mystery group as the JEWS. He says to the JEWS, "Ye are of your father the devil, and the lusts of your father ye will do he was a murderer from the beginning, and abode not in the truth, because there is no truth in him." JEWS have proven the truth of this statement by their lying deceit and murderous activities.

This will be a bitter pill for some who believe their hoax that they are God's chosen people Israel, but facts will prove that the JEWS authored, created, promoted, and perpetuated Communism. Read the following documented quotations from the Jews. Out of their own mouth they condemn themselves. "Ye shall know a tree by its fruit."

QUOTES FROM THE JEWS

"Some call it Marxism - I call it Judaism." Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, in the American Bulletin of May 15, 1935 "The revolution in Russia is a Jewish revolution" The Maccabean (New York), Nov. 1905, p, 250 "Jewry is the mother of Marxism." Le Droit de Vivre, May 12, 1936 "Judaism is Marxism, communism" Harry Waton, A Program for the Jews and an Answer to All Anti-Semites (New York: Committee for the Preservation of the Jews, 1939), p. 64 "The communist soul is the soul of Judaism." Harry Waton, A Program for the Jews and an Answer to All Anti-Semites (New York: Committee for the Preservation of the Jews, 1939), p. 143 "We Jews cannot be called upon to denounce Communism." The American Hebrew (New York), February 3, 1939, p. 11 "The picture which the Soviet Union presents today is one that should bring rejoicing to world Jewry." The Youngstown Jewish Times, Sept. 18, 1936, page 51 "It would be absurd to deny the intensity of the Jewish participation in the Russian revolutionary movement." Leon Dennen, in The Menorah Journal (New York) July-September 1932, p. 106

"That achievement - the Russian-Jewish revolution - destined to figure in history as the overshadowing result of World War, was largely the outcome of Jewish thinking, of Jewish discontent, of Jewish effort to reconstruct."

The American Hebrew, September 10, 1920

"The Bolshevik Government of Russia is the key-stone of the arch of the proof of the Jewish conspiracy for radicalism and world-domination."

William Hard, The Great Jewish Conspiracy (New York: American Jewish Book Company, 1920), p. 31

"The Jewish elements provide the driving forces for communism"

Dr. Oscar Levy, in George Pitt-Rivers, The World Significance of the Russian Revolution (Oxford, 1920), p. ix

"The Jews [have been] furnishing for the Bolsheviks the majority of their leaders" The Jewish World (London), April 16, 1919, p. 11

"Russian Jews have taken a prominent part in the Bolshevist movement"

The American Hebrew (New York), November 18, 1927, p. 20

"Jewry has come to wield a considerable power in the Communist Party."

Dr. Avrahm Yarmolinsky, in The Menorah Journal (New York), July 1928, p. 37

"The East-Side Jew [Trotsky] that Conquered Europe"

The liberator (New York), March 1920, pp. 26-27

"The real East Sider [New York Jew Trotsky] is at the head of things in Russia."

M. L. Larkin, in The Public (New York), November 23, 1918, p. 1433

"It is not an accident that Judaism gave birth to Marxism, and it is not an accident that the Jews readily took up Marxism; all this is in perfect accord with the progress of Judaism and the Jews."

Harry Waton, A Program for the Jews and an Answer to All Anti-Semites (New York: Committee for the Preservation of the Jews, 1939), p. 148

"Karl Marx, who came from an old family of rabbis and brilliant Talmudic scholars, was to point the path of victory for the proletariat."

L. Rennap, Anti-Semitism and the Jewish Question (London, 1942), p. 31

"Among his [Karl Marx's] ancestors were Rabbis and Talmudists, men of learning and keen intellect."

Henry Wickham Steed, in The American Hebrew (New York), December 9, 1927, p. 206 "The peculiarly Jewish logic of his [Karl Marx's] mind"

Henry Wickham Steed, in The American Hebrew (New York), December 9, 1927, p. 206 "Mr. Wickham Steed lays the rise of Bolshevism at the doors of Jewry."

The Jewish Guardian (London), November 28, 1924, p. 4

"The Bolshevik Revolution has emancipated the Jews as individuals"

Dr. Avrahm Yarmolinsky, in The Menorah Journal (New York), July 1928, p. 33

"There are many Bolshevik leaders of Jewish extraction"

D. L. Sandelsan, in The Jewish Chronicle (London), February 20, 1920, p. 22

"There is no Jew who does not hope with all his heart that the Soviet Union will survive and be victorious"

Zionist Review (London: Zionist Federation of Great Britain and Ireland), September 26, 1941, p. 7

"Communism and internationalism are in truth and in fact great virtues. Judaism may be justly proud of these virtues"

Harry Watan, A Program for the Jews and an Answer to All Anti-Semites (New York: Committee for the Preservation of the Jews, 1939), p. 80

"If the tide of history does not turn toward Communist internationalism ... then the Jewish race is doomed."

George Marlen, Stalin, Trotsky, or Lenin (New York, 1937), p. 414

"The [Jewish] Commissaries were formerly political exiles. They had been dreaming of revolution for years in their exile in Paris, in London, in New York, in Berlin, everywhere and anywhere. They saw in the Bolshevist Movement an opportunity of realizing the extreme ideas of Communism and internationalism to which their fate had compelled them."

Dr. D. S. Pazmanik, in The Jewish Chronicle (London), September 5, 1919, p. 14 "The Jewish people will never forget that the Soviet Union was the first country - and as yet the only country in the world - in which anti-Semitism is a crime."

Jewish Voice (New York: National Council of Jewish Communists), January 1942, p. 16 "Anti-Semitism was classed [by the Soviet Government] as counter-revolution and the severe punishments meted out for acts of anti-Semitism were the means by which the existing order protected its own safety"

The Congress Bulletin, (New York: American Jewish Congress), January 5, 1940, p. 2 "There is no official anti-Semitism in Russia; anti-Semitism in Russia is a crime against the State."

Dr. Chalm Weizmann, The Jewish People and Palestine (London: Zionist Organization, 1939), p. 7

"Anti-Communism is anti-Semitism."

Jewish Voice (New York: National Council of Jewish Communists), July-August 1941, p. 23 "The part which Jews play in the [Communist] Government of the country [Russia] does not appear to be declining"

Harry Sacher, in The Jewish Review (London), June-August 1932, p. 43

"The Jews have a right to subordinate to themselves the rest of mankind and to be the masters over the whole earth. This is the historic destiny of the Jews"

Harry Waton, A Program for the Jews and an Answer to All Anti-Semites (New York Committee for the Preservation of the Jews, 1939), pp. 99-100

"We Jews, we the destroyers, will remain the destroyers forever. Nothing that you will do, will meet our needs and demands. We will destroy because we need a world of our own." Maurice Samuel, You Gentiles, page 155

"The Russian intelligentsia . . . saw in the philosophy of Judaism the germs of Bolshevism - the struggle of ... Judaism versus Christianity."

Leon Dennen, in The Menorah Journal (New York, July-September 1932, p. 105 "Soviet Russia has declared war on Christianity, and on those who profess this faith. In the Russian villages today Bolsheviks and Herbert H. Lehman . . . were called the 'secret government of the United States' and were linked with 'world communism."

Dr. Louis Harap, in Jewish Life (New York), June 1951, p. 20

OTHER IMPORTANT QUOTES

WINSTON CHURCHILL

"The Secretary of War [Winston Churchill] charges Jews with originating the gospel of Antichrist and engineering a 'world-wide conspiracy for the overthrow of civilization" The Jewish Chronicle (London), February 13, 1920, p. 8 DR. MARTIN LUTHER - <u>THE JEWS AND THEIR LIES</u>

"The sun has never shone on such a bloodthirsty and vindictive people as the Jews, who cherish the idea of murdering and strangling the heathen. No other men under the sun are more greedy than they have been and always will be, as one can see from their accursed usury."

GEORGE WASHINGTON

"The Jews work more effectively against us than the enemy's armies. They are a hundred times more dangerous to our Liberties and the great cause we are engaged in. It is much to be lamented that each State, long ago has not hunted them down as pests to society and the greatest enemies we have to the happiness of America." BENJAMIN FRANKLIN

"In whatever country Jews have settled in any great numbers, they have lowered its moral tone, depreciated its commercial integrity, have segregated themselves and have not been assiminated, have sneered at and tried to undermine the Christian religion, have built a state within a state, and have, when opposed, tried to strangle that country to death financially." ANDREW JACKSON

"You Jewish Bankers are a den of vipers and thieves. I intend to rout you out, and by the Eternal God, I will rout you out."

JESUS CHRIST

"Ye (Jews) are of your father the devil; and the lusts of your father ye will do. He was a murderer from the beginning, and abode not in the truth, because there is no truth in him." (John 8:44)

Jesus said, "If ye continue in My Word, then are ye My disciples indeed; and ye shall know the Truth, and the Truth shall make you FREE." (John 8:31-32) "I am the way, the Truth, and the life: no man cometh unto the Father, but by Me." (John 14:6) "To this end was I born, and for this cause came I into the world, that I should bear witness unto the Truth. Everyone that is of the Truth heareth my voice." (John 18:37) Paul asks, "Am I therefore become your enemy, because I tell you the Truth?" The only true liberty is where the SPIRIT of the Lord is (2 Corinthians 3:17), and may that SPIRIT open the blinded eyes and soften the hardened hearts, that the works of darkness be cast off, and that the workers of iniquity who control our nation be expelled.

http://www.truthfromgod.com/articles/jews_created_communism.html

The Israeli spy network that Jonathan Pollard left behind

The Israeli spy network that Jonathan Pollard left behind

by Joseph Brewda

When Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu demanded that President Bill Clinton release imprisoned Israeli spy Jonathan Pollard before signing an agreement with the Palestinians at the Wye Plantation summit in October, he had several objectives in mind. For one, Netanyahu wanted to pin the blame for the hoped-for summit failure on Clinton, by making an impossible demand. According to Joseph diGenova, the U.S. Attorney who prosecuted Pollard, Pollard was involved in "the largest physical compromise of United States classified information in the 20th century," an assessment backed by then-Secretary of Defense Caspar Weinberger, who sent a memo to the court following Pollard's 1986 conviction, demanding that he serve life without parole. Major factions within the U.S. intelligence establishment share that assessment.

But, blowing up the summit was not Netanyahu's only objective. He also wanted to reassure the vast number of other Pollards operating within all levels of the U.S. government's bureaucracy, that they won't be abandoned, as Pollard appears to have been, if they are caught. In fact, the spy ring that placed Pollard in U.S. Navy Intelligence has never been apprehended, and is one of Israel's most precious "crown jewels."

The continuing importance of this ring has occasionally come to light. In January 1997, for example, the National Security Agency intercepted a phone call from a Mossad officer at the Israeli Embassy in Washington to Mossad chief Danny Yatom, asking whether he should access Secretary of State Warren Christopher's secret letters to Palestinian Authority Chairman Y asser Arafat though "Mega," identified as an Israeli mole within Clinton's inner circle. According to a leak to the U.S. press, Yatom reprimanded the agent for even thinking of assigning the mole such a low-level task. U.S. investigators into "Mega" are also examining how the leak, which blew their top secret investigation, occurred. According to the U.S. and European media, "Mega" even succeeded in taping Clinton's phone, including tapping several hours of his conversations with Monica Lewinsky.

The disastrous U.S. bombing raid on a civilian pharmaceutical factory in Khartoum, Sudan, on Aug. 21, 1998, provides another insight into Israel's spy ring in action. The hu-

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miliating fiasco jeopardized U.S. interests throughout the region, all to fulfill Israeli objectives of keeping its Arab neighbors enmired in war. The raid could never have occurred except for two factors: massive intelligence conduited into the U.S. government which falsely claimed that the factory was a chemical warfare manufacturing site, and high-level Israeli agents-in-place lobbying for the strike.

EIR has long been concerned with the serious threat to U.S. national security posed by Israeli espionage. In what follows, we review some of our investigations into the Pollard ring, notably as first reported in our 1986 Special Report, "Moscow's Secret Weapon: Ariel Sharon and the Israeli Mafia." As one aspect of that investigation, EIR examined what was dubbed the "X Committee," the Israeli spy ring which got Pollard his job.

Not a mole, but mole hills

When the FBI arrested U.S. Naval Intelligence civilian analyst Jonathan Pollard in November 1985 outside of his office in Suitland, Maryland, U.S investigators had crucial evidence that Israel was stealing U.S. intelligence secrets. But, more importantly, they knew Pollard was not acting alone.

Among the immediate questions investigators posed, was how Pollard secured what seemed to be a specially created position in the Naval Investigative Service's new Anti-Terrorist Alert Center, which gave him completely unnecessary access to extremely sensitive documents from all agencies of the U.S. government. Moreover, they determined that even a routine background check would have revealed that Pollard had bragged of being a Mossad agent since college, and that his father, Notre Dame microbiologist Morris Pollard, had worked closely with Israel's scientific intelligence establishment since the 1940s. In other words, Pollard had patrons.

The cost of Pollard's espionage was enormous. According to Federal prosecutors, Pollard forwarded tens of thousands of pages of highly sensitive, classified documents to his controllers in Lekem, the Israeli Defense Ministry's scientific intelligence agency. At the time, that agency was run by Rafi Eytan, a longtime aide of Israeli Foreign Minister Gen. Ariel Sharon, who, among his other exploits, stole the uranium from

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a Westinghouse plant in Apollo, Pennsylvania, used to make Israel's first nuclear bomb.

Worse, while Pollard and his supporters said his spying was necessary to help protect Israel from its hostile neighbors, Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir forwarded many of the documents stolen by Pollard, to the Soviet Union. Shamir wanted Soviet Jews in exchange. It was also clear that Pollard was directed to steal documents with such trading purposes in mind. For example, why would Israel need the list of names of CIA agents operating in South Africa that Pollard stole? And all this, at a time when the Reagan administration had already given Israel astonishing access to U.S. classified information, supposedly necessary to combat the Soviet threat.

As the investigation proceeded, more details emerged showing the far-reaching extent of the network, including its ties to leading U.S. Zionist organizations.

For one, investigations revealed that at least one of the persons who recommended Pollard for his job was his former professor at the Fletcher School of Diplomacy at Tufts University, the Oxford-trained Sovietologist, Uri Ra'anan. Professor Ra'anan was not just any academic. Since the 1960s, when he first arrived in the United States as an Israeli consular official in New York, Ra'anan has played a crucial intermediary role between U.S. and Israeli intelligence relating to allegedly shared anti-Soviet concerns. Ra'anan's first major assignment was to revamp the B'nai B'rith Anti-Defamation League's (ADL) intelligence department, to better serve Israeli needs. He also established an anti-Soviet intelligence cell at Edgar Bronfman's American Jewish Congress.

Ra'anan's actions at the ADL and American Jewish Congress were so egregious that they helped provoke Sen. William Fulbright (D-Ark.) into convening public hearings into Israeli espionage in 1963, and led to a 1967 civil lawsuit by a disenchanted ADL official, Saul Joftes, who charged Ra'anan and the group with spying for Israel. But Ra'anan emerged unscathed, and he later nominally left Israeli government service to teach Russian history at several U.S. universities.

As a result of Ra'anan's groundwork, Israel had no problem in placing Ruth Sella, the wife of Pollard's Lekem controller, Air Force Gen. Aviem Sella, in the ADL's Legal Department, during the period that the couple supervised Pollard's spying. Mrs. Sella worked particularly closely with the head of the ADL Legal Department, Arnold Forster, who had worked with Ra'anan, and Lekem chief Eytan, since the 1960s. The Sellas are now back in Israel, where Sella runs one of Israel's largest airbases, despite an outstanding U.S. warrant for his arrest.

The 'X Committee'

EIR investigations into the Pollard ring also determined, based in part on discussions with U.S. government investiga-

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tors, that the so-called "X Committee" which planted Pollard, had its base of operations within a fiercely "anti-Communist" civilian network within the Defense Department. Members of that network had been posted there despite their known ties to Israeli intelligence. While many members of this network quietly left government in the aftermath of Pollard's 1985 arrest and the 1986 Iran-Contra affair, overall, the network has remained in place, although not necessarily based at the Defense Department.

According to several *EIR* sources, Israel's spy ring has been massively expanded more recently by other agents who do not display the "anti-Communist" fervor that was such a useful cover during the Reagan years, but instead profess the "liberal" and "globalist" views considered more attractive today. Without such liberal camouflage, these sources say, the Israeli spy ring would never have been able to penetrate the highest level of the Clinton administration, and there would never have been a "Mega."

Meanwhile, the "anti-Communist" division within the old Pollard network, which has largely moved out of the Executive branch, has taken over the "Conservative Revolution" network of Congressmen and evangelical Protestants running the anti-Clinton witch-hunt today; for example, Pollard's former attorney, Ted Olson, who has openly justified Pollard's spying in the U.S. press. Olson is a former law partner of independent counsel Kenneth Starr, and personally organized and sponsored at his own Washington area home, the media and prosecutors "salon" running the anti-Clinton campaign. One of Olson's top collaborators in that venture is *American Spectator* foreign editor Michael Ledeen, who was implicated in both the Iran-Contra and Pollard affairs.

Below, we focus on just two of the most important operatives that investigators consulted by *EIR* have cited as top members of the Reagan administration "X Committee" who continue to push Israeli interests over those of the United States: Stephen Bryen and Richard Perle. As important as both operatives are, they are merely indicative of the deeper problem: a vast Israeli spy ring penetrating all layers of the U.S. government bureaucracy, active within both the administration and its Republican-centered opposition.

Richard Perle

Currently at the Washington office of the Jerusalem-based Institute for Advanced Strategic and Political Studies (IASPS), Richard Perle is the acknowledged top U.S. strategist of the Netanyahu regime. He wrote the 1996 IASPS "White Paper" laying out the strategy for destroying the Oslo peace accords, and undermining the Clinton administration within the Mideast.

From 1981 through 1987, Perle was Assistant Secretary of Defense for Security Policy, where he oversaw a U.S.-Israeli team allegedly dedicated to bringing down the Soviet Union through economic and other forms of warfare. The same team was the center of the "X Committee."

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Perle did not conceal his relations with the Israeli government. In 1970, U.S. wiretaps of the Israeli Embassy revealed that Perle was feeding classified information that he had obtained as the top aide to Sen. Henry "Scoop" Jackson, a leading member of the Senate Armed Services Committee, to the Israeli government. Despite the protests, Perle retained his security clearance, and job as Jackson's aide.

In 1976, Perle left government to form the Abingdon Corp. with John Lehman, who was later Navy Secretary during the period that Pollard was placed in Naval Intelligence. Perle's top client at the firm was Israel's leading manufacturer of mortars, the Soltam corporation. The chairman of Soltam's holding company was Gen. Meir Amit, the former head of the Mossad.

In 1981, Perle was again caught, this time receiving more than \$100,000 from Soltam after he had joined the Reagan Defense Department. Perle said it was for "past services due." The firm later played a major role in Iran-Contra.

Simultaneous with forming A bingdon, Perle also founded the Jewish Institute for National Security Affairs (JINSA) in conjunction with: Stephen Bryen, another individual cited as a member of the "X Committee" who went to work at Defense as Perle's aide; Michael Ledeen, who served as a go-between for U.S. and Israeli intelligence in Iran-Contra; and Y ossef Bodansky, the reported Israeli intelligence handler of Jonathan Pollard, who also got a job at the Defense Department.

When Perle entered the Defense Department, he brought others beside this JINSA crew with him. Among them were Frank Gaffney, Jr., the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Forces, and Douglas Feith, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Negotiations Policy. Both now run the Center for Security Policy, one of the Conservative Revolution's mouthpieces which routinely charges Clinton with selling out to Russia and China.

Stephen D. Bryen

Currently the director of JINSA, along with his wife, Shoshana, Bryen frequently co-authors articles with Ledeen attacking Clinton trade policies as compromising U.S. national security. They say U.S. national security is best served by having what they call a "strong relationship" with Israel.

Bryen was Perle's sidekick at the Reagan Defense Department, as Deputy Undersecretary of Defense for Trade Security Policy. He first hooked up with Perle in 1971, when he was an aide to Sen. Clifford Case, and he quickly became Perle's closest associate in the Senate. In 1978, the duo cofounded JINSA.

Like Perle, Bryen's relations with Israeli intelligence were well-known prior to entering the Reagan administration. In 1978, for example, Bryen was caught red-handed at a Washington restaurant with Mossad station chief Zvi Rafiah, discussing giving classified information to Israel. Bryen was then staff director of the Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee on Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs. Like Perle, Bryen escaped prosecution, despite the fact that Department of Justice investigators believed he was involved in "efforts to obtain sensitive information for which he had no apparent legitimate need but which would have been of inestimable value to the Israelis," according to Department of Justice documents released to the public. The documents also reported that the FBI had a good case that "Mr. Rafiah had given Mr. Bryen 'orders' which he had carried out."

While serving at the Defense Department, Bryen also formed the Technology Transfer Center, which was given centralized Defense Department oversight over investigating the smuggling of strategic technology—a very convenient job for the "X Committee." To that end, Bryen went out and hired Pollard's reported handler, Israeli Air Force officer Y ossef Bodansky, as the center's consultant, as well as Michael Ledeen's wife, Barbara Ledeen—who herself had long served as a patron of Netanyahu and Sharon's "Jewish settlers movement."

Yossef Bodansky

Currently the staff director of the House Republican Task Force on Terrorism, Yossef Bodansky plays an important role for Israel in depicting Muslim countries as being among the top enemies of the United States. On behalf of this Israeli objective, Bodansky wrote a Feb. 10, 1998 task force report, "The Iraqi WMD Challenge: Myths and Realities," which claimed that Iraq had transplanted its chemical warfare capability to Sudan. This was precisely the disinformation used to sucker the U.S. government into bombing the Al-Sifa pharmaceutical plant in Khartoum on Aug. 21. According to one well-placed source, one of Israel's purposes in this setup was to make it appear that the United States can be expected to "act capriciously and arbitrarily against an Islamic target."

A former editor of the Israeli Air Force's official magazine, Bodansky came to the United States in the late 1970s as a top agent of Lekem, according to the Israeli Labor Federation's newspaper, *Davar*, where he soon served as Pollard's handler together with the Sellas. But while the Sellas had to flee the country, Bodansky escaped legal action. According to one Israeli account, Bodansky was especially keen on obtaining aerospace technology needed to upgrade Israel's capabilities, and also useful to sell to third parties.

Bodansky's first job in the United States was as "technical editor" of JINSA's newsletter. When JINSA founders Perle and Bryen joined the Reagan Defense Department, they brought the former Israeli officer with them. In 1985, Bodansky left government after evidence came to light of his frequent meetings with Pollard. After working for a Washington Times think-tank, and for Jane's Defence Weekly, Bodansky obtained his current position at the Republican Party task force in 1989, where he regularly denounces Clinton for being soft on Islamic terrorism, and influences policy.

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